## **EXHIBIT D**

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REPORTER'S RECORD
 1
 2
                        VOLUME 1 OF 1 VOLUME
 3
                TRIAL COURT CAUSE NO. 2017-CI-23341
                                       IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
     CHRIS WARD, ET AL,
              Plaintiffs.
 4
    ٧.
                                       BEXAR COUNTY, TEXAS
 5
     ACADEMY, LTD. D/B/A ACADEMY
     SPORTS + OUTDOORS,
 6
              Defendant.
                                       224TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
                TRIAL COURT CAUSE NO. 2018-CI-14368
 7
    ROSANNE SOLIS, ET AL,
                                       IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
              Plaintiffs,
 8
                                       BEXAR COUNTY, TEXAS
    ٧.
 9
    ACADEMY, LTD. D/B/A ACADEMY
    SPORTS + OUTDOORS,
10
              Defendant.
                                       438TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
                TRIAL COURT CAUSE NO. 2018-CI-23302
11
    ROBERT BRADEN,
                                       IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
              Plaintiff.
12
    ٧.
                                       BEXAR COUNTY, TEXAS
13
    ACADEMY, LTD. D/B/A ACADEMY
     SPORTS + OUTDOORS.
14
              Defendant.
                                       408TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
                TRIAL COURT CAUSE NO. 2018-CI-23299
15
    CHANCIE MCMAHAN, ET AL,
                                       IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
              Plaintiffs,
16
    ٧.
                                       BEXAR COUNTY, TEXAS
17
    ACADEMY, LTD. D/B/A ACADEMY
     SPORTS + OUTDOORS.
18
              Defendant.
                                       285TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
19
     DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO QUASH DEPOSITIONS AND TO ENFORCE
      AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER AND CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT
20
                           MARCH 8, 2019
21
                   On the 8th day of March, 2019, the
     following proceedings came on to be héard in the above-entitled and numbered cause before the HONORABLE
22
    NORMA GONZALES, Judge Presiding, held in the 131st
    District Court, San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas:
23
                    Proceedings reported by machine shorthand.
24
    MARY ORALIA BERRY, CSR, RDR, CRR OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
25
     131ST DISTRICT COURT
                                        BEXAR COUNTY COURTHOUSE
     SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78205
                                        (210) 335 - 2289
```

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 8
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              REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF LULA WHITE; AND
 9
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1	CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX		
2	VOLUME 1		
3	MARCH 8, 2019		
4		<u>PAGE</u>	<u>VOL</u>
5	CAPTION	1	1
6	APPEARANCES	2	1
7	CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX	3	1
8	PROCEEDINGS	4	1
9	COURT'S RULING	50	1
10	ADJOURNMENT	67	1
11	COURT REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	68	1
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

1	<u>PROCEEDINGS</u>		
2	MARCH 8, 2019		
3	FRIDAY		
4	(9:02 a.m. Before the Court.)		
5	THE COURT: The Court calls 2018-CI-14368,		
6	Rosanne Solis, Et Al v. Academy, Ltd. Announcements for		
7	the record, please.		
8	MR. CRAWFORD: Yes, Your Honor, Marco		
9	Crawford. I represent Chancie McMahan, Roy White, and		
10	Scott Holcombe.		
11	MR. DEMERATH: Justin Demerath, Your		
12	Honor. I represent plaintiff Robert Braden.		
13	MR. BENTLEY: And Dennis Bentley, Your		
14	Honor. I'm also with Marco for Chancie McMahan, Scott		
15	Holcombe, and Roy White.		
16	THE COURT: How do you spell your last		
17	name?		
18	MR. BENTLEY: B-E-N-T-L-E-Y.		
19	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Prichard?		
20	MR. PRICHARD: Good morning, Your Honor.		
21	David Prichard for Academy Sports + Outdoors. I've got		
22	my two colleagues, Janet Militello and Nick Demeropolis.		
23	THE COURT: Got it.		
24	It started, and then it stopped.		
25	(Discussion off the record.)		

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THE COURT: All right. What do we have? Whose motion is it? MR. PRICHARD: It's our -- it's our motion to quash two depositions. As the Court may can tell from the pleadings, this is a lawsuit that several plaintiffs have filed against Academy Sports + Outdoors as a result of the Sutherland Springs tragedy. In this matter, the plaintiffs seek now to re-depose two witnesses. We call them -- because of a protective order, we call them Deponent A and Deponent B. One of them is the manager of the Academy store where the firearm in question was purchased. Deponent B is the director of compliance for Academy Sports + Outdoors. And back in November of this year with the agreement of counsel, these two individuals were produced for depositions. The director of compliance, his deposition lasted almost five hours. Everybody had an opportunity to ask all of the questions that they were interested in asking. It was supposed to be limited to a certain --

The director of compliance, his deposition lasted almost five hours. Everybody had an opportunity to ask all of the questions that they were interested in asking. It was supposed to be limited to a certain -- certain areas, but Ms. Militello, being gracious, allowed them to ask any of the questions that they wanted to ask of this gentleman for five hours and several hundred pages. The store manager lasted over an hour, over 103 pages, the same thing. And questions

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Thev

were asked, no scope limitation, no instructions not to answer the questions. Those were conducted in November, and now they seek to re-depose them. And so, you know, I think Ms. Militello made it very clear on the record: "We're going to do this one time, one time." And now they come back, and they're asking to re-depose these people, these two gentlemen. We object. We don't think that's fair. We don't think that's right. we don't have any pleadings from them on this motion. They haven't -- they haven't really expressed to us what the purpose is, and I think the purpose has to be good cause, Your Honor. They have to show exactly why they need these depositions. And I will just, as an advisory, let the Court know that there has been yet another lawsuit filed. It's not with this case, so there are other matters that are out there. It may be at some point in time we're back here having to discuss more depositions of these same individuals. THE COURT: So other plaintiffs out of the same incident? MR. PRICHARD: Correct, Your Honor. So for them to get a second bite at the apple,

that's just -- that's just wrong. It's invasive.

```
had their opportunity. They were told they had their
 1
 2
    opportunity, and we respectfully ask that the Court
 3
    quash these depositions. They've had their chance.
                  In fact, I will tell you that
 4
    Ms. Militello said, "Look, guys, I think this is a
 5
 6
    little premature. Why don't we get some of the written
 7
    discovery?"
                  They were insistent. "No. We want to go
 8
    forward."
 9
10
                  "Okay. We'll go forward, but I don't
    think this is the right time."
11
12
                  "Oh, yeah, we want to go forward."
13
                  we understand that. They have that right.
    She made it happen. They took the deposition, and now
14
15
    here we are. We want a second bite at the apple.
                  This case is going to be tough enough when
16
17
    it's time to move on to other issues, and we
    respectfully ask that the Court quash these depositions.
18
19
                   THE COURT: All right. Response?
20
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Yes, Your Honor. Just to
21
    clarify a few things, there are multiple lawsuits that
    have been filed against Academy. That's no dispute
22
23
    there.
                  I want to clarify that a prior Judge in
24
    Bexar County has consolidated discovery for all of those
25
```

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1
    plaintiffs; different trial dates, but consolidated
 2
    discovery.
                I also want to clarify and maybe inform the
 3
    Court --
                   THE COURT: Consolidated discovery, does
 4
    that include depositions, or is that just written
 5
 6
    discovery?
 7
                  MR. CRAWFORD: It's both.
 8
                   THE COURT: Okay.
 9
                  MR. CRAWFORD: And just to plug in some
10
    gaps here, lawsuits were filed against Academy. And
11
    immediately a motion for summary judgment was filed by
12
    Academy, and that motion for summary judgment was filed
    on the basis that there's a federal statute that
13
14
    prevents this type of lawsuit from taking place.
15
                  A hearing was heard to continue that
    hearing -- that motion for summary judgment, and that
16
17
    hearing was heard on October 22nd, 2018. If you look at
    Tab 4 of that really, really big binder, which is to
18
19
    your left right there, that is the reporter's record for
20
    the October 22nd, 2018 hearing in front of Judge
    Arteaga. And I don't want to go through the entire
21
    thing, but what was discussed was whether or not we can
22
23
    get a continuance of that motion for summary judgment
    hearing because we had zero depos, very limited
24
25
    discovery at that point.
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And I would refer the Court to page 58 of that transcript, and I've actually highlighted the section that I think is actually the Court's ruling, and the Court allowed four depositions that Academy fought by the way. They didn't graciously voluntarily provide these depos. They fought. The Judge allowed them. And if you would look at the last sentence on line 25, it says -- the Court says: "We're going to limit" -- she asked us to "write it down" -- the depositions to "the sales of Ruger AR-556 and its magazines to out-of-state residents," because that was the issue that the motion for summary judgment was based on filed by the defendant. So those four depositions were taken. Counsel is correct, those four depositions were long, but those four depositions were also limited to the sales of Ruger AR-556, its magazines -- and its magazines to out-of-state residents. And I want to refer, in the -- in the very front pocket, Your Honor, is my petition. And without getting into too much detail, we've sued Academy for negligence. We've sued them for gross negligence. And part of our negligence claims is hiring, negligent training, negligent supervision, and other things.

So under Tab 5 is the deposition of

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Deponent A, and he is the compliance manager. I've actually tabbed the index at the back, and I think that's important because the word "training" came up in that several-hundred-page deposition nine times. And if you refer to the questions that "training" is mentioned, there's no question asked by the plaintiffs of what type of training he received? who conducted the training? How long did the training last? What materials were used? When, where, and how often is training? Those questions weren't asked. They weren't asked because we were following the Court's instruction in October of 2018 to limit the deposition. THE COURT: Was that -- was that for the purpose of the summary judgment? MR. CRAWFORD: Yes. So those depositions were for the purpose of the summary judgment. That hearing transcript makes that crystal clear. Did we ask some questions to lay the foundation that may have been outside the scope? Maybe. But we didn't get into training, negligent training. didn't get into gross negligence. We didn't get into all of the other causes of action that we've pled,

including negligent supervision, failing to discipline

questions. We didn't get into that other than the

or reprimand employees, really detailed background check

```
background check of that shooter.
 1
                  So counsel is correct; depositions were
 2
 3
    taken, but those depositions were limited. I don't care
    how long -- how many pages those depositions were.
 4
 5
    Those questions were limited. If you look up the word
 6
    "training" in Deponent B's deposition, five times.
    That's how many times the word "training" came up. And
 7
    that's one example, all of our other causes of action.
 8
 9
                  We have more discovery that's been sent
    out, a ton of discovery. We didn't get to ask any
10
    questions about how these folks handled or have handled
11
    other out-of-sale -- out-of-state sales regarding Rugers
12
13
    and rifles.
                   THE COURT: What's the status of the
14
15
    written discovery?
16
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Well, we're going to try
    and confer with counsel. It looks like almost
17
    everything has been objected to. They did provide maybe
18
    2500 pages or so of certain policies dealing with this
19
20
    stuff, but there's so much that we've requested that's
    been objected to. We'll have to confer and try and work
21
22
    that out.
23
                   THE COURT: And when do you have these
24
    current depositions scheduled?
25
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Well, I actually just -- I
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1
    sent an e-mail. And three days later, I didn't get a
 2
    response asking for depos. I set them for late March.
 3
    I'm open to resetting those.
                   THE COURT: Okay. I'm just trying to
 4
    figure out the scheduling --
 5
 6
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Sure.
 7
                   THE COURT: -- between discovery, written
 8
    and --
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Of course.
 9
10
                   THE COURT: Okay.
                  MR. CRAWFORD: And, yeah. Discovery has
11
12
    been responded to. The most recent set was objected to,
    just about every question. So, hopefully, we'll work
13
14
    something out there.
15
                  But, Your Honor, we understand. And I
16
    understand Mr. Prichard, where he's coming from.
17
    it. Depositions have been taken, but they were limited.
    And they're there. I don't know if you want to read
18
    300 pages, but 98 percent of it deals with out-of-state
19
20
    sales and the AR-556.
21
                  Thank you, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: All right. Anybody else --
22
23
    no? -- on this issue?
24
                  MR. DEMERATH: No, Your Honor. Thank you.
25
                  MR. PRICHARD: I'm sorry.
```

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1
                   THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Prichard, a brief
 2
    response?
 3
                  MR. PRICHARD: Just briefly. I appreciate
    the argument, but that's not exactly correct. Let me
 4
    just give you a flavor. Now, talking about the firearm
 5
 6
    in question and training, they admitted that they asked
 7
    about training.
                  On page 13: "Do you have the" --
 8
 9
                   "Question: Do you have the qualifications
10
    to sell a firearm at Academy?
                  "Yes.
11
                  "Question: Do you have the training to
12
13
    sell a firearm at Academy?
14
                   "Answer: Yes.
                  "Would you have the qualifications to sell
15
    to him?
16
17
                   "Yes.
                  "If he walked in and said, 'Here's my
18
    Colorado driver's license. I want to buy a Ruger
19
    Model 17,' what would you do?"
20
                  All -- you know, it's replete throughout.
21
                   THE COURT: What page is that?
22
23
                  MR. PRICHARD: That page, that's on
    page 13. And that's Deponent A, Your Honor, and he was
24
25
    the store director.
```

```
Is Deponent A under Sub 5?
 1
                   THE COURT:
 2
                  MR. CRAWFORD:
                                  Deponent A is Number 6,
 3
    Your Honor.
 4
                   THE COURT: Number 6, okay.
                                  I believe counsel
 5
                  MR. CRAWFORD:
 6
    referenced page 13 of that deponent's deposition.
 7
                  MR. PRICHARD: Page 13.
 8
                   THE COURT: Okay. I see it.
 9
                  MR. PRICHARD: And it goes on for several
10
    pages in that respect, the procedures.
11
                   THE COURT: Do you agree with opposing
12
    counsel that Judge Arteaga -- and it appears so from the
13
    transcript -- but that it was limited to sales to
14
    out-of-state residents regarding the Ruger AR-556?
                  MR. PRICHARD: I'm sorry, Your Honor.
15
    didn't get the first part.
16
17
                   THE COURT: Do you agree that Judge
    Arteaga limited the depositions to out-of-state sales --
18
19
    or sales to out-of-state residents, and, in particular,
20
    the Ruger AR-556?
21
                  MR. PRICHARD: I think that's in the
            I don't think that's what effectively happened
22
    order.
23
    at the depositions. I think those depositions -- and,
24
    again, I would just repeat that Ms. -- that Janet here
25
    allowed free rein. I mean, she could have stepped in.
```

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I'm sorry. That's way outside the scope," and she
    "No.
 1
 2
    didn't. And the one deposition went on for over five
    hours, so it's a lot more than just this firearm.
 3
                  And even -- she even made the comment, you
 4
    know, "I'm not going to instruct them not to answer.
 5
 6
    ahead," for this very reason, Your Honor. Trying to
 7
    minimize, minimize these people's involvement and taking
    them away and having countless depositions because
 8
    there's a new lawsuit, new plaintiffs' lawyers coming,
 9
    and they're going to have to do it again.
10
11
                   THE COURT: Well, and that's why I was
    asking earlier. I mean, if it's been consolidated, both
12
13
    the written and the deposition discovery, are all the
14
    other plaintiffs' lawyers prepared to proceed at these
    depositions that you're --
15
16
                  MR. PRICHARD: No. Let me -- let me be
17
    clear.
18
                   THE COURT: Okay.
19
                  MR. PRICHARD: This is only for these four
20
    lawsuits.
               There are more. There's others that are not
21
    consolidated yet.
22
                   THE COURT: Oh.
23
                  MR. PRICHARD: That was unclear.
                                 It is. And what happened
24
                  MR. CRAWFORD:
    was we're the four or five law firms currently here, and
25
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I'm speaking for all of them, and I have their
permission. Fifty-two or so were filed maybe last week
or something, so I haven't -- they haven't been brought
into the consolidation.
              MR. PRICHARD: That's correct.
              MR. CRAWFORD: But prior to that, it had
been consolidated. And I just would clarify I would
read a couple of pages before and a couple of pages
after page 13. There's more detail.
              THE COURT: Well, here's my concern.
concern is not so much necessarily allowing you to take
these depositions. But if there's going to be more and
they're going to be consolidated, why can't we work out
some structure so that they're all consolidated, and,
you know, so it's not happening over and over and over
again on the other lawsuits that are going to come up?
             who consolidated these? Was it by
agreement or --
              MR. PRICHARD: Judge Canales.
              THE COURT: Okay.
              MR. CRAWFORD: Judge David Canales.
              THE COURT: And, I mean, it sounds -- it
makes sense certainly on discovery. Whether or not they
get tried together will be, I guess, a decision for a
Judge somewhere down the road.
```

```
1
                  But, yes, ma'am?
                  MS. MILITELLO: And if I -- if I can
 2
    address that. It kind of touches on the second motion,
 3
    which is the motion to enforce the protective order.
 4
    But I have been told that one of the plaintiffs' counsel
 5
 6
    in this latest lawsuit will not agree to a protective
 7
    order to protect Academy's confidential documents, which
 8
    suggests to me -- although we haven't even answered that
 9
    lawsuit yet, it suggests to me that there may be no
10
    agreement to consolidate or to do what has been done in
    these first four cases.
11
12
                   THE COURT: It may be -- it may be
    something that one of our Judges here in Bexar County
13
14
    does, you know.
15
                  MS. MILITELLO: Right.
16
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Yeah. No. I -- Your Honor
17
    that's -- I mean, that's been the consensus.
18
                   THE COURT: I mean, you're stating
19
              That seems hopeful.
    October.
20
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Well, two -- I think one or
21
    two of them are set in October and then one or two of
22
    them in January.
23
                   THE COURT: Yeah.
                  MR. CRAWFORD: So they're going to be set
24
25
    trial-wise at different times.
```

```
THE COURT: Like I said, it's already
 1
 2
    March.
            It just seems like a hopeful setting, you know.
 3
                  MR. PRICHARD: You are correct, Your
 4
    Honor.
 5
                  MR. CRAWFORD: But, you know, in all
 6
    fairness, we have expert deadlines coming up, and that's
 7
    why we need these depositions, and that's why we're
    pushing for these depositions because we do have expert
 8
 9
    deadlines in April, so I would like these depositions.
10
                  And, again, we're not going to rehash the
    PLCCA stuff. We've done that already. We overcame the
11
12
    summary judgment. But we do have a right to prove our
13
    causes of action, which go beyond training. I used that
14
    as an example.
15
                   THE COURT: These newest filings that
    y'all had -- and I'm not trying to go out of what your
16
    motions are here, but I'm just trying to think ahead for
17
    y'all and for all the litigants and for the courts.
18
19
                  This last round, I presume that may not be
20
    the last of them?
21
                  MR. PRICHARD: The last of?
22
                   THE COURT: Of the lawsuits.
23
                  MR. PRICHARD: The lawsuits? Who knows?
24
                   THE COURT: Yeah.
25
                  MR. PRICHARD: We don't know.
```

```
THE COURT: When is the statute of
 1
 2
    limitations?
 3
                  MR. CRAWFORD: November -- well, November.
                  MR. PRICHARD: '19. The fall of '19.
 4
 5
    think it was in November '17.
 6
                   THE COURT: Okav. So the fall of this
 7
    year?
 8
                  MR. PRICHARD: Yes, Your Honor. That's
 9
    another reason, Your Honor.
10
                   THE COURT: Well, but if they're -- but if
    they're facing a deadline of designating experts in the
11
    next couple of months, you know, that's the problem with
12
    so many different lawsuits about the same incident.
13
                  MR. PRICHARD: Well, that's -- I think
14
15
    that's exactly why we said it's premature, you know.
16
                   THE COURT: But they've got deadlines
17
    for --
                  MR. PRICHARD: Well, I know. But they had
18
19
    the opportunity, and none of that was involved in the
20
    summary judgment. This was -- this was whether or not
21
    federal law applied.
22
                   THE COURT: Right.
23
                  MR. PRICHARD: And this -- these
    depositions were never even referenced at that summary
24
25
    judgment hearing at all.
```

MS. MILITELLO: And, Your Honor, the topics were broad, far broader than the federal statute that has been referenced here this morning. It was far broader than that, and there was an absolute discussion on the record. When I objected, "It's beyond the scope and don't answer."

The other lawyer, one of the -- he's not here today, but Mr. Webster asked the questions and said, "Are you going to bring him back again to answer these questions?"

And I said, "No. We're doing this one time only." And I let the witness answer that question and every other question.

And we had a roomful of lawyers for the plaintiffs, and they all asked the questions that they wanted to ask, and they went far beyond this PLCCA statute, this immunity statute. And they were asking about ATF terminology and the federal firearms regulations and references. They asked about the training and the policies. They asked about Academy's prohibitions on the sale of long guns and MSRs to residents of Alaska. I mean, we were all over the place on these depositions.

And the reason that we had said it is premature and when we filed the motion for summary

judgment, we said, "This is a purely legal issue. It's just a -- you know, it's a question of law. We don't need the depositions yet." They insisted.

And when the Judge ordered it narrowly -you know, somewhat narrowly because the whole issue in
that lawsuit is: Is the sale of an AR Model 556 to an
out-of-state resident, who presented a Colorado driver's
license, is that permissible? But she allowed the
depositions -- the deposition questioning to go to any
sale of that gun that is at issue in these lawsuits.

But it went far beyond, and it was by agreement because I said, "We will not bring them back twice" because, you know, obviously, for all the reasons that the Court would understand. But you don't depose people twice. They insisted to go forward there. They insisted they wanted to ask all of these questions, and a roomful of people did ask the questions.

They're just coming back for a second bite at the apple. They determined their trial strategy. They determined when they wanted to ask the questions and what questions they wanted to ask. And, basically, they're just asking this Court's indulgence that "Now that we've thought some more about it, we have some additional questions." Well, if that were the case, everybody in every lawsuit could say, "I would like

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another -- I would like to ask a few more questions I
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    didn't think of the first time."
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                  And when you stop to think about
    Deponent B, almost all the time is used up. I mean, it
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 5
    was five hours or so. And so, what, they want to come
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    back and now ask another round of questions?
                   THE COURT: Well, that's why I was looking
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 8
    for your motion. You just have regular depo notices out
 9
    there or --
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                  MR. CRAWFORD: They were depo notices,
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    Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Okay. No motion? Because I
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    noticed that you said, I think it was -- I guess it was
14
    the -- was it the director of compliance that took five
15
    hours?
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                  MS. MILITELLO: Yes.
17
                  MR. CRAWFORD: I don't know that he took
    five hours.
                 I would have to look at the file.
18
19
                  MS. MILITELLO: It was right about five
20
    hours.
21
                  MR. CRAWFORD:
                                 But, Your Honor, just to
22
    clarify -- I just want to clarify because I really need
    to clarify two things.
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24
                   THE COURT: Sure.
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Mr. Prichard, with all due
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respect to him, was not at the hearing, and we did play -- play video testimony. So it was very important, and the depo testimony was important, and the Judge agreed to really help us overcome or to try to overcome that PLCCA statute. The ATF regulations, the federal regulation terminology are all part of PLCCA. It's not just here's a handful of questions on out-of-state sales, okay? And the termination -- the term and definition of a firearm is all part of PLCCA. It was all relevant, and we discussed that in the deposition. I'm talking about our negligence claims and our gross negligence claim, and the supervision that may or may not have been there, the training, etc. need -- I need -- none of that was discussed. references to training. He, Mr. Prichard, picked out probably the most in-depth questioning on training. That's probably it, if you look at those sections, and you can look at them yourself without taking my word for it. But they may have been long depositions, but they were solely geared and angled towards that PLCCA, and it's a very detailed statute.

THE COURT: I guess another concern that I have right now is even if I were to allow the

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depositions, if you're close to five on Deponent B, are
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    you going to go in there and finish up with the hour, an
    hour and ten minutes, and then come back and say, "Well,
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    now we need more time," or is now the time to ask for
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    it, I mean, for that to be part of the entire motion?
 6
    Because then, otherwise, that forces you to being back
 7
    in here.
 8
                  MR. CRAWFORD: No, Your Honor.
 9
    agree. I think if the Court is going to -- if you're
10
    going to graciously allow the depositions, I think we do
    need to have some sort of a discussion on time.
11
12
    think we can go around that right now. I don't know.
13
                  I'll ask my cocounsel what their thoughts
14
    are.
15
                   THE COURT: Well, and, I mean, is this --
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    how many cases are consolidated right now? Four?
17
                  MR. PRICHARD: Yes, Your Honor.
18
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Four or five, Your Honor.
19
                   THE COURT: Okay.
20
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Four causes -- four cause
21
    numbers, yes.
                  MR. PRICHARD: And I think the Court asked
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23
    for -- about a motion. There's been no motion.
                   THE COURT: Right. I mean, that's why I
24
25
    asked.
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1 MR. PRICHARD: They sent a notice. 2 filed a motion to quash, and we have not gotten any kind 3 of response. THE COURT: What's the second motion y'all 4 5 have here today? 6 MS. MILITELLO: It's a motion to enforce the agreed protective order. When the first lawsuit was 7 8 filed, and that's the one that is set to be tried in October of this year, because of the public nature of 9 10 the cases, at the inception before any discovery was 11 conducted, the parties agreed to enter into a protective 12 order. 13 And it had categories of documents that would be deemed to be confidential, and it's spelled out 14 in the protective order. One category is for financial 15 or business information of Academy. Another is sales 16 and customer information, the corporate and strategic 17 planning information, as well as the identity of the 18 19 witnesses. 20 The identity of the witnesses, there's no 21 But what those other broad categories in 22 the -- in the documents that were produced, Academy stamped them "confidential." Now, as the Court knows, 23 they can be used for purposes of prosecuting these 24 various lawsuits. They can be used --25

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                   THE COURT: In an open -- in an open
 2
    courtroom.
 3
                  MS. MILITELLO: -- in an open courtroom.
                  But the -- there has been a dispute, and
 4
 5
    we needed to get the Court's ruling today to tell them
 6
    that they must still abide by the protective order.
 7
    Because what has happened is Mr. Demerath spoke with my
 8
    colleague, Mr. Demeropolis, and told him --
 9
                   THE COURT: Do you like all the names
10
    here, Mary?
                  MS. MILITELLO: And then with Militello,
11
12
    it all makes it so easy, and I apologize.
13
                  But he spoke to Mr. Demeropolis and said
14
    that I had -- I was considering de-designating all of
15
    Academy's confidential designations. Nick, knowing me
    very well, questioned that because, of course, I had not
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    made that assertion, and they had a conversation.
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                                                        It is
    documented in the motion.
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                  You will see the e-mail that at the
    conclusion -- at the conclusion of that conference call,
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    Mr. Demeropolis sent to Mr. Demerath an e-mail saying,
21
    "Okay. We've had this call. This is my understanding
22
    of what occurred in the call." And with respect to the
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    issue about the confidential designations on the
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25
    documents, Mr. Demeropolis said, "It's my understanding
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1 that you are not claiming that we have waived the 2 designation or that we are going to de-designate those documents. If that is incorrect, please let me know." 3 And then he said, "And if I'm incorrect 4 5 and you are complaining about the designation of some 6 document or documents stamped 'confidential,' then, 7 please, under the terms of the protective order, let me 8 know which documents you've got an issue with, and we can discuss it and see if we can come to an agreement 9 about the designation or not." There was complete 10 11 silence after that. We got no response. 12 Fast-forward a few days or a week or so, 13 and we had filed a motion to seal certain records related to the summary judgment that you've heard about, 14 for the first time, often because they have names. 15 16 THE COURT: A motion to seal under 76a? 17 MS. MILITELLO: Yes, a motion to seal 18 under 76a. We have done that a number of times in this 19 case because of the names. The names come up in -- you 20 know, in the deposition. It's on every page. I mean, it's -- and in their questioning, they would use the 21 22 name freely, you know, all through the questioning. So 23 we had a motion to seal, as we had done a number of 24 times. 25 THE COURT: Have those been heard?

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                  MS. MILITELLO: Yes.
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                  MR. DEMEROPOLIS: Yes.
 3
                  MS. MILITELLO: And they have -- they
    have -- the first few had been unobjected to, and they
 4
 5
    were sealed. The last one --
                   THE COURT: Y'all did the public notice --
 6
 7
                  MS. MILITELLO: Oh, yes.
 8
                   THE COURT: -- and everything under 76a?
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                  MS. MILITELLO: Yes, we did the whole --
10
    the whole procedure. This last time with the motion to
11
    seal, we had done the posting. We had gone through the
12
    whole procedure.
                  And the day before the hearing,
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    defendant -- defendant, Mr. Demerath, filed an objection
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    to the motion to seal and claimed that we had waived the
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    confidential designation because of this communication
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    between Mr. Demerath and Mr. Demeropolis where he said
    we did not -- we, being Academy, did not come to the
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    Court within ten days of their claiming that we have no
19
    confidential designations. Thus, we have waived this.
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                  Well, that was the first time, the very
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    first time that we heard that they were claiming waiver;
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23
    the very first time that we understood that they thought
    that we had de-designated or waived the confidential
24
25
    designation. They had never responded to the e-mail
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where we said, "If, in fact, you have a question about 1 2 this, then let's discuss. We understand that you are not claiming that anymore, but let us know." 3 "And if, in fact, you have a problem, the 4 5 protective order has a process, like every protective order does, of what to do." And that process is that 6 7 they come, and they tell us we don't think this document, this document, or this document, or whatever 8 9 one, we think the designation is inappropriate. The parties talk, and they try to then work it out and then 10 come to the Court. 11 Instead, they've taken this position that 12 13 nothing that Academy has produced, the sales information, their policies and procedures, etc., 14 15 nothing has a confidential designation. 16 THE COURT: Have those been sealed? 17 MS. MILITELLO: They have -- they have not 18 been sealed. But now they're taking the position, and 19 we have -- I have been told -- I, myself, have been told 20 any number of times that there will be pressure to bear 21 on Academy -- when these documents are publicized, when they are made known, then there's going to be pressure 22 23 to bear on Academy to settle this case. That is what 24 this is about. 25 This isn't about using these documents in

a deposition or at a hearing or some place. They want to de-designate documents that have not been used in court. They are taking -- I think it's 76a(c), but they're trying to now claim all of these non-filed documents are public -- are court records. But to be a court record, it is the burden on the plaintiff, and the rules say it. It is the burden of the plaintiff to show a nexus between some particular document and harm to the public if that document is not available to the public.

They haven't even tried. They have filed nothing that says this is -- they haven't fulfilled their burden in that regard. They haven't tried to fulfill their burden. They haven't followed the procedures under the protective order, and they've ignored the communications we've asked them to.

Instead, they make the claim that somehow we have waived the designations.

Nobody is trying to stop these plaintiffs from using these documents to prosecute their case, Your Honor. That is not why we're here. This case is no different than any other case when it comes to documents being marked "confidential."

And, yes, those used in court, those used at a hearing or those used in -- at trial, they're going to be made public. But we have produced over

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2400 pages, and they claim that what we should have done was come to the Court and gone through 2400 pages of documents with the Court to show the Court why these are confidential. THE COURT: Right now it's your position that all of those 2400 pages are confidential? MS. MILITELLO: They are because we -- and I wouldn't say that there's no document out there that was not marked "confidential." But, substantially, all of them were because the vast majority of these are all the policies, procedures, training programs, etc., that Academy has developed over the years. And they just are not interested in those being disseminated. Used in this case, you know, perhaps certain portions of them were -- or will be, but not that they have a right to take those documents that we have marked "confidential" and that they agreed in the protective order would be deemed to be confidential. As I said, the protective order clearly had categories of -- and corporate and strategic planning information, sales and customer information, financial or business information, those were designations that they agreed we could mark as "confidential." And now they want this Court, after

getting documents that we would never have agreed to

without a protective order, now that they've gotten the documents, they want to use them.

And in the conversations I've had now with respect to these, they say, "Well, these -- you know, there are -- there are potential plaintiffs or potential plaintiffs' attorneys who would like to see certain of the documents," and that's not how this works.

The way it works is a Court entered this protective order. We abide by the terms of the protective order. They have to follow the process and procedures of the protective order, and then we can come to this Court with a focused hearing. If this Court would like, I guess we could set up a full day, and I could bring in the whole box, and we could walk through exactly how --

THE COURT: Are you saying that this protective order includes not being able to share with other litigants arising out of this incident?

*MS. MILITELLO:* It is not until they are part of -- not until they have signed the protective order. It was -- it was all four -- all four cases that have been consolidated, all of those parties have gotten the documents because they've agreed to the protective order.

If some -- if some third party out there

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does not agree to the protective order and does not
agree to the confidentiality of those documents, then,
no, they don't get them. Then we have the hearing about
whether that would be appropriate or not.
              THE COURT: Because, as I recall, and
y'all are probably more familiar with these since you've
been dealing with confidentiality and 76 -- Texas Rule
of Civil Procedure 76a, you cannot enter into protective
orders that would violate 76a in regards to limiting
discovery amongst similar litigants. Am I wrong in
that?
              MS. MILITELLO: We have -- I think under
76a, Your Honor, it contemplates that, yes, documents
can be marked as "confidential." And then if -- if a
party thinks that designation is wrong -- or 76a really
deals with sealing, which is like a higher level than
that.
              THE COURT: Exactly, exactly. But you
can't enter into a confidentiality agreement that
basically -- that basically overrides 76a by saying none
of this we're going to -- basically, all of it is
effectively sealed.
              MS. MILITELLO: We are not saying --
because, for example, at the last hearing, the Judge
said the names will be sealed, but not the policies and
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procedures or any of the documents that they attached to the motion for summary judgment hearing. That's fine, because that's the same way.

It's no different than any case. You have a motion. You have exhibits attached, certain of the documents, and then those become court records. But as this Court knows, in every case and in this case, it's no different. Thousands of pages have been produced. They are sitting in lawyers' offices somewhere, but those don't get to be just disseminated to the public. And 76a specifically says that the only way that they can, is when they are deemed to be court records, something as if it were attached.

And then it is the document in question, there has to be a nexus between the Court -- the law is very clear. There has to be a nexus between some document and an actual adverse impact on public health or safety. That's what Rule 76a says. And that burden falls on the party who wants to make these documents a court record.

And they have done -- they have not -- not only not followed the procedures in the protective order, but they clearly haven't said, "Here are documents that we think we could show a nexus between this particular document and an actual adverse impact on

public safety and health." And there is no nexus, Your Honor.

So what they're trying to do is an end run and strip Academy of its confidential designation and use these documents in a way not intended to further their -- further their case in this court. They can do that already. There's only one thing that they can't do with that confidential designation, and that is, to publish them and use them somewhere outside of this courthouse and outside of the realm of these four cases that have been consolidated.

THE COURT: Plaintiffs?

MR. DEMERATH: Your Honor, Justin Demerath for Mr. Braden. Thank you very much for the opportunity to argue the other side of this motion. I'm going to be discussing the black binder. It's the smaller one that seems to be made of paper rather than plastic that has some important documents in it.

And I respectfully must disagree with Mrs. Militello's discussion of the facts, and I think that the documents that I would like to show you, as we go through this, will support the position that I'm trying to take.

Just like Judge Pozza refused to seal the courtroom during the motion for summary judgment and

just like Judge Jimenez refused to seal the summary judgment documents under 76a, we do not believe that the documents that have been marked as "confidential" in this case are appropriately confidential under Texas law. And I would like to start with the chronology of what led up to where we are today, so that you can understand the framework that we must be dealing with today.

So there were some initial lawsuits that were filed in this case against Academy last year, a little bit less than a year after the event, and Mr. Braden intervened in one of those lawsuits. And I, as Mr. Braden's counsel, was not privy to any of the discovery documents that had already been produced, and there had already been a confidentiality order that was signed.

And so prior to being able to get the discovery documents from the defendants, they insisted that I sign, on behalf of my client, the same confidentiality agreement that had been signed in the case, which I looked at and saw in paragraph No. 6. And I think it's really important to look at this paragraph No. 6 in any of either our notebook or the defendant's notebook.

THE COURT: Entitled "Responsibility for

Unauthorized Use or Disclosure"?

MR. DEMERATH: Let me make sure I've got it in front of me too, Your Honor. "Responsibility for Unauthorized Use or Disclosure," correct. In the third paragraph of that confidentiality agreement, it outlines the procedure that we are to follow if we think that there is something that is not subject to confidentiality, and I'll give you just a minute to read it.

THE COURT: Okay.

was a methodology if we disagreed that some document was confidential, in good faith, I agreed to sign the confidentiality agreement because I thought that this document would be used as a scalpel rather than a baseball bat.

And when I received the discovery from defendants, including about -- it's up to about 2800 pages of documents, and I also received the deposition testimony, every single page of every document under the sun that has been produced was marked as "confidential." And I had a concern with that because it was not an appropriate use of this -- of this confidentiality order.

And so rather than address the issue then,

we waited until after the summary judgment. And when the summary judgment was denied, it was then time to move forward with the litigation, and I knew there were many reasons that this needed to be not confidential, including communicating with other counsel. And I requested that I might be able to communicate with other counsel about some of these documents and that request was denied.

And so I sent an e-mail, which is an exhibit to the document, to Mr. Demeropolis, and I inadvertently forgot to put Ms. Militello on the e-mail, and I have apologized for that profusely to her. But I sent the e-mail to Mr. Demeropolis quoting paragraph 6, stating that "Under paragraph 6, you've designated everything under the sun as 'confidential,' and that's not appropriate. This is not anything that has to do with financial information of the company, but rather information that has to do with things that regard public safety."

The procedure of transferring a gun from a federally firearms licensed -- a federal firearms dealer to an individual implements public safety. And so I asked Mr. Demeropolis, I said, "This is -- none of this is appropriately confidential. Pursuant to paragraph 6, I'm placing you on notice that every document that's

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been marked as 'confidential' should not be
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    appropriately confidential," and the e-mail is attached
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 3
    in there.
                  We then subsequently had another
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    conversation, and Ms. Militello is correct.
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    Mr. Demeropolis sent me back an e-mail, and I
    highlighted the second paragraph where he states, "we
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    will proceed with the filing of the agreed protective
 8
    order in both new cases, as the parties have agreed."
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    So --
                   THE COURT: And that's in an e-mail?
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                  MR. DEMERATH: That's in an e-mail.
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    is -- I believe it's attached to the Exhibit E of the
    defendant's motion.
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                   THE COURT: Okay.
                  MR. DEMERATH: And it was my understanding
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    that at that point because they had said, "No, we refuse
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    to lift the confidentiality designation on any document
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    under the sun that we have produced," that they would be
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    moving forward and producing -- or filing a motion for
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21
    protective order. And so the time frame came for that
    protective order to be filed. And instead of filing a
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23
    protective order, there was simply a motion to seal the
    summary judgment documents under 76a that was filed.
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25
    protective order was filed.
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So the ten days came, and the ten days went. After we identified which documents we believed were not confidential and put them on notice that they needed to either file a protective order or the confidentiality designation should be lifted pursuant to the terms of the confidentiality order that we signed, we went to the hearing on the motion to seal the court records, and we had a 76a analysis that took place. And Judge Jimenez ruled that the documents were not appropriately to be sealed under 76a, and so those documents moved forward.

So because we are in a position where we're following this agreed order, it is our first position, Your Honor, first of two, that the defendants have not put any information before the Court in this motion at this hearing or in any argument today that justifies the treatment of the documents as confidential under the appropriate Texas law, and that's what the standard is, Your Honor.

If Academy would like to keep these documents confidential pursuant to the confidentiality order, we -- after putting them on notice, it is their burden to show that under appropriate Texas law, that these documents are confidential. There hasn't been any argument that those documents are confidential because

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    there can't be any argument that they are confidential.
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    There isn't any Texas law that says that this could
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    appropriately be confidential.
                  Now, usually you look at 76a regarding
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    trade secrets or other matters, and there hasn't been
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 6
    any showing by Academy of that very important point.
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    So, Your Honor, we believe that the timing of the
    arguments and the lack of evidence before the Court is
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    going to put the Court in a position where they have to
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    de-designate these documents as confidential.
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                   Secondly, Your Honor, and I'll make this
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    second argument brief. Doing an analysis under --
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                   THE COURT: When do you think -- was it
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    your e-mail, your e-mail exchange that that -- within
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    that e-mail you gave them notice; and so, therefore,
    they should have, within ten days from that date, filed
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    a motion for protective order?
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                   MR. DEMERATH: Correct. Yes, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Okay.
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                   MR. DEMERATH: But taking the timing issue
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    aside, because I think it's more important to analyze
    the law rather than a timing issue, which I think is the
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    most appropriate analysis here, when we look at the law
    governing confidential documents, Texas courts are
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    presumed to be open, and documents in discovery are
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presumed to be open as well. And I need to be able to appropriately litigate this case to take documents that are not appropriately confidential and use them in ways that I'm prevented from doing under this confidentiality order.

For example, there's a series of documents, such as insurance policies and declaration pages, that are marked as "confidential." And I need to communicate with third parties about that information in order to effectively do my job for my clients in an attempt to move this case towards resolution. I've specifically requested to be able to do that but have been denied that.

There are a series of other documents like publicly available firearms license documents. There's a host of other documents that have been produced that are in no way appropriately confidential. But regardless of those facts, the appropriate law here has to -- you have to have evidence before you, if you are to say that these documents are confidential and should be treated confidential, and there's been no showing of any kind of evidence by Academy that these documents are appropriately confidential.

And even if we say, "Well, the timing of the protective order doesn't matter. We're here today

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to talk about the protective order," we still have to
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    have some law that is cited by Academy that shows that
    these documents deserve confidential treatment.
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                  Now, I want to, finally, Your Honor,
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    address one issue about what is or is not court records
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    for the purpose of 76a. Unfiled discovery pursuant to
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    the terms of 76a is a court record if it implicates
    public safety, and I believe that that is 76a,
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 9
    subparagraph (c), discovery not filed --
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                   THE COURT: Hold on, hold on. Let me get
    there.
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12
                  MR. DEMERATH:
                                  Sure.
                                         Sure, Your Honor.
13
                   THE COURT: Subparagraph (c)?
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                  MR. DEMERATH: Yes, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Okay.
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                  MR. DEMERATH: "Discovery, not filed of
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    record, concerning matters that have a probable adverse
    effect upon the general public health or safety,"
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    fast-forwarding, "except things that are trade secrets
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    are," for the purposes of 76a under paragraph 2, "a
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    court record."
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                   THE COURT: Okay.
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                  MR. DEMERATH: So, Your Honor, as we
    discussed earlier today, the discovery in this case has
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    been limited very, very narrowly, and we deposed on very
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narrow issues and complied with that order very narrowly to understand how Academy transfers assault rifles to individuals.

And as I hope Your Honor can appreciate, and we've cited evidence in our papers, there are very real things that are very adverse on the effect of public health and safety that happen when firearms are not transferred in a legal or appropriate manner. And that is the fundamental allegation in this case, is that Academy violated the law when they transferred a firearm to an individual that by virtue of the law was prohibited from possessing the particular firearm that they transferred to him due to his state of residency.

Every document that's been produced, every page of deposition testimony, touches or concerns the illegal transfer of an assault rifle to an individual that legally, because of his state of residence, should not have been able to possess the particular assault rifle that he possessed.

And, Your Honor, I was walking in the courthouse just this morning. And as I passed the metal detector on the left, there's a sign that says, "Active shooter training to be conducted by the DA's office." And we live in a point in our society where the transfer of firearms absolutely implicates the public health and

safety. And every document that has been produced to date in this case, including all of the policies and procedures, all of the ways that Academy transfers firearms, is a matter of public safety.

And one more very important point, Your Honor, and then unless you have any questions, I'll conclude my remarks. The policy that was in effect, that allowed an individual who came from a state that bans high-capacity firearms, is still being conducted by Academy today. If we were to walk into -- if you were from one of the states that bans a high-capacity firearm and if you walk into an Academy location today and attempt to purchase a firearm, it is my understanding -- and I don't have full discovery on this yet, Your Honor, but it is my understanding that that practice, that illegal practice is still occurring to this day. And all of the documents that touch or concern this, touch or concern that practice.

And so, Your Honor, it is my motion to the Court that there is an order that is entered that any documents that relate to the transfer of firearms are deemed to be a court record because they implicate public safety. And, Your Honor, I would request that because of the timing of the motion for protective order and because of the fact that these documents implicate

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public safety, and because the documents don't fall
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    within the scope of the definitions within the
    confidentiality order, that the designation of these
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    documents as "confidential" be lifted.
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                   THE COURT: In its entirety?
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                   MR. DEMERATH:
                                  In its entirety for
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    documents that relate to the transfer of firearms, yes.
                   But I -- to be technical, the notice that
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    I provided to defendants was that I reviewed all of the
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    records that have been marked as "confidential," and I
    was unable to find anything that I thought was
11
    appropriately confidential.
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                   THE COURT: Not a single page?
                   MR. DEMERATH: I did not believe that a
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15
    single page fell within the limits of confidentiality
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    under the standards that we have discussed today, Your
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    Honor. That being said, Your Honor, one last point.
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                  The identity of Academy employees is
    something that we agree with opposing counsel and have
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    aggressively attempted to protect, and that is the first
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    thing that we have compromised on and that will never be
    an issue. The identity of Academy employees in this
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23
    situation should absolutely remain confidential, and we
    want to make sure that's a part of any order.
24
25
                  There may be -- I can't think of any
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documents that have a confidentiality designation or a scalpel use of that agreement. I don't know that they exist, Your Honor, but I am more than happy to discuss it with opposing counsel. But to date, we have had no results in that -- those discussions.

MS. MILITELLO: Just very few, Your Honor. Looking at paragraph 6 of the protective order, in the third paragraph that Mr. Demerath focused the Court on, the last sentence on that on page 15, it says: "In the case of documents, the objecting party shall identify the document by the document identification number of each document, if the producing party so numbered the documents."

We did number the documents. That's why we said, "Hey, give us the list." It isn't just, "Oh, we don't think anything is, so now we can throw the burden to you to show it."

But more importantly, when -- in this e-mail communication that you were focused to and in the e-mail that Mr. Demeropolis sent back to Mr. Demerath, he had the Court look at the second paragraph. But the first paragraph is where Nick said, "Hey, it's my understanding -- thanks for the conversation. And after talking, it's my understanding that you're retracting plaintiffs' objection to Academy's confidential --

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confidentiality designations. To the extent that I am mistaken, we request that plaintiffs provide a list of all documents that plaintiffs are contending are not confidential under the terms of the agreed protective order, as required by paragraph 6," the same paragraph I just focused this Court to. So we said, "Hey, the understanding was you're not making this argument." Mr. Demeropolis put that in writing and said, "That's my understanding." And they were silent. They didn't come back and say, "No. You're wrong. We are contending that, every single page." And as this Court noted with surprise in her voice, that -- I mean, every single page. And the example that was given, and we have had numerous discussions about the insurance, there's a difference between the confidentiality. They've got the insurance policies. They can do what they want to in this case. Every plaintiff in these four cases has been given access to not only the declaration page, but the entire policies when they want them. what Mr. Demerath has asked me is, he

What Mr. Demerath has asked me is, he wants to go and find other plaintiffs and other plaintiffs' lawyers, and they would like to see the amount of Academy's insurance, and they want to look at

the policies, and they want to figure out how to frame claims related to those policies. That's not the law. The law doesn't say they can take my documents, and they can go out and try this case in the public.

Interestingly, he says, "This is an illegal sale, and the public has to understand that this is an illegal sale." Well, Judge, we need to have this case tried because interestingly, and not surprisingly, when this incident happened, and it was a horrific incident, the ATF came in. The Texas Rangers came. The FBI came. Local authorities came. They all looked at this, and not one of those entities have ever questioned how Academy sells its firearms, and you know they would have, had it been improper.

And, also, following this incident,
Academy has opened up new stores, and they have been
granted licenses to new stores. So their claim that
this is horrible and Academy is breaking the rules and
they need to go warn the public, that's what this case
is about. They can use every one of these documents so
that we can take this and get a final resolution, a
trial of this matter, but not out in the public, not to
drum up other business. That is an improper use.

And these documents should remain confidential until they come forward, give me a list,

and we can come back to this Court and talk about specific documents.

## COURT'S RULING

No. 2 on the confidentiality, unfortunately, both sides have taken extreme positions. The defense thinks they're all confidential, and the plaintiffs think that none of them are confidential. So I'm going to put the work back on y'all, as opposed to the Court doing an in camera inspection on 2500 to 2800 documents, and y'all will need to work and confer and whittle down which ones you really think are confidential and which ones are not confidential.

The confidentiality agreement will stay in place until then, but I'm going to give you a drop-dead deadline by when you have to come back so that this doesn't go on for weeks and months going back and forth.

You guys are going to really have to put some work horses on it and get together and really say, "You know, okay. That's fine. That's not confidential. We'll let it go. And, oh, my gosh, this is really -- you know, is or is not confidential."

How much time do y'all need to go to somebody's conference room and go through the pages?

And, you know, I'm -- you know, I mean, that's the only

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1
    way we can do it.
 2
                  MS. MILITELLO: Two weeks, Your Honor.
 3
                  MR. DEMERATH: Your Honor, the Court's --
 4
                  MS. MILITELLO: Mr. Demerath has got a
 5
    vacation letter next week, so I know --
 6
                   THE COURT: And I do too, so --
 7
                  MR. DEMERATH: Yeah. Spring break is this
 8
    week and -- or this coming week, and then Austin's
 9
    spring break is the following week. So I would say
10
    maybe at the end of the third week, if that would be
11
    appropriate, Your Honor.
12
                  MR. PRICHARD: That's fine.
13
                  MS. MILITELLO: That's fine with us.
14
                   THE COURT: So by the 29th of March.
15
    you know, y'all are going to have to do work on your own
16
    ends.
17
                  MS. MILITELLO: Absolutely.
18
                   THE COURT: And then meet together and
    say, "How can we meet?" And then whatever you still
19
20
    have a dispute about, then you bring back -- you bring
21
    back -- you bring those back to the courthouse.
22
                  MR. PRICHARD: Can we bring them back to
23
    you, since you're already this way into it?
24
                   THE COURT: Yeah. I guess that's a
25
    follow-up on my ruling, so sure.
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MR. PRICHARD: Thank you.
 1
 2
                  MR. DEMERATH: Your Honor, may I seek
 3
    guidance from you on one issue, and it may help the
    parties confer on that point? What is the standard that
 4
 5
    we should judge the confidentiality by?
                  MS. MILITELLO: I would think that's part
 6
 7
    of our discussion.
 8
                   THE COURT: Yeah.
                                     I mean, that's --
 9
    that's: What is confidential? I mean, that's going to
10
    be the question to both of you and then to the Court.
    mean, that's why I'm trying to get y'all to reach an
11
12
    agreement on what you can. I mean, I think there's a
13
    lot of things that are not confidential, but there may
14
    be some portions with Academy that they are going to
15
    truly believe is confidential and a breach of their, you
16
    know --
17
                  MR. DEMERATH: That's the question:
                                                        The
    breach of what? I mean, the confidentiality order says,
18
    "Under applicable Texas law." If the standard that we
19
20
    are to judge these documents by is applicable standard
21
    Texas law --
22
                   THE COURT: Of course.
23
                  MR. DEMERATH: -- then that gives us a lot
    of guidance as to what --
24
25
                   THE COURT: Well, of course it is. What
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else would it be?
 1
 2
                  MR. DEMERATH: Okay.
                   THE COURT: Yeah, absolutely, Texas law.
 3
 4
    Bring your case law with you when you come back to show
 5
    why something is or is not confidential.
                  MR. DEMERATH: Thank you for that
 6
    clarification, Your Honor.
 7
 8
                   THE COURT: And so do y'all need until
 9
    that date and then come back the following week to have
10
    the hearing? In other words, come back the first week
11
    of April to --
12
                  MR. CRAWFORD: I would think so, assuming
13
    we can't work it all out.
14
                   THE COURT: Right.
15
                  MR. PRICHARD: Can we call Cindie and get
16
    a date?
17
                   THE COURT: No. I want to give you a date
18
    now.
19
                  MR. PRICHARD: Give us a -- okay.
20
                   THE COURT: And that way, we save that
21
    date and say, "This is the date that whatever y'all
22
    don't -- in other words, do your work and get it done by
23
    March 29th. The following week on any -- on any
    disputes you still have, you'll come back." And we're
24
    going to hold either a half a day or however long we
25
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need to hold.
 1
 2
                  MR. PRICHARD: Friday is better.
    Friday okay for you?
 3
                   THE COURT: It's fine with me.
 4
 5
                  MR. PRICHARD: In case you're in court in
 6
    trial, I know we had that issue.
 7
                   THE COURT: Oh, that's right. Let me
 8
    look.
 9
                  MR. DEMERATH: Your Honor, I've got two
10
    dates that I'm unavailable, and one of them is that
11
    week, and the other one is on that Friday, the 5th.
12
                   THE COURT: All right. Let me look. The
    week of April 8th is best for the Court.
13
14
                  MR. PRICHARD: Okay.
                   THE COURT: That gives y'all a little bit
15
    more time.
16
                So do y'all have a date on the week of
17
    April 8th?
18
                  MR. CRAWFORD: I'll make it work, Judge.
19
                  MR. DEMERATH: It's up to the Court.
20
                  MR. PRICHARD: Can we confer about the
21
    week of April 8th and let the Court know?
22
                   THE COURT: Sure.
23
                  MR. PRICHARD: Is that okay?
                   THE COURT: And the sooner the better
24
25
    because that way she can block that date, okay?
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MR. PRICHARD: I'll try to do it quickly.
 1
 2
                   THE COURT: The only day -- the only day
    that I'm not available is that Monday. Other than that,
 3
    I'm available all week long.
 4
 5
                  MR. PRICHARD: That's the 8th?
 6
                   THE COURT: Yes.
 7
                  MR. PRICHARD: So --
 8
                   THE COURT: The 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th.
 9
                  MR. CRAWFORD: And the plaintiffs will
10
    make any of those dates work.
                  MR. DEMERATH: I promote the 10th.
11
                                                       If vou
12
    guys want to check on that, we can talk about the 10th
13
    maybe.
14
                  MR. PRICHARD: I am not going to come over
    here on April the 10th. That's my birthday.
15
16
                   THE COURT: We would have a cake for you
    and margaritas or something.
17
18
                  MR. PRICHARD: Yeah. What kind of cake
    would they give me, you know? Rat cake?
19
20
                   THE REPORTER: Do you want me to go off,
    Judge? Judge, do you want me to go off the record?
21
22
                  MR. PRICHARD: I'm sorry.
23
                   THE COURT: Well, what if Deputy Dave
    starts singing right now?
24
25
                  We can go off the record.
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(Discussion off the record.)
 1
 2
                   THE COURT: We're back on. Case reset to
 3
              How long? I know it's hard to tell because we
    don't know if we're going to have 10 documents or
 4
    1500 documents.
 5
                   MS. MILITELLO: I don't know.
 6
 7
                   MR. CRAWFORD: Two to three hours?
 8
                   THE COURT: I mean, do y'all want -- I can
    give y'all all afternoon. Do y'all think you need more
 9
10
    than all afternoon?
11
                   MR. CRAWFORD: No.
12
                   MS. MILITELLO: No, I wouldn't think so.
13
                   THE COURT: Okav. And then -- and then
14
    the Court can also take it under advisement and see --
15
    you know, apply the law and see, give you a ruling the
16
    very next week. I know it's important to get your
17
    ruling.
18
                   So case reset to 4/12/19 at 1:30 p.m.
19
    Like I said, the confidentiality agreement will stay in
20
    place until the Court rules.
21
                   MR. PRICHARD: Thank you for giving us
22
    that time, Your Honor.
23
                   THE COURT: Sure.
24
                   MS. MILITELLO: Thank you.
25
                   THE COURT: You know, on the depositions,
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I'm inclined to give -- to allow the depositions because
I think as a trial attorney, if you're going in with the
ruling of Judge -- of any Judge saying it's going to be
narrowed in scope, that even though it might have gone
outside of those bounds to some extent, that that was
still the focus of the depositions. But, you know, you
can't come back again because -- you know, in May and
say, "Well, now we need more time."
              So I think the timing is important.
                                                   Ι
think other -- the consolidation of the cases is
            I mean, so --
important.
              MR. CRAWFORD:
                             Sure.
              THE COURT: -- it's difficult for me to
say go ahead and take something in March at this point.
              I think we've got to get a better docket
control situation and see which cases are going to be,
you know, consolidated and whatnot. I mean, just like a
judge -- a case that Judge Alvarado has on an apartment
complex elderly, you know, where they -- you know,
whether the parties liked it or not, it was consolidated
to some extent.
              MR. CRAWFORD: So, Judge, just to clarify,
we can essentially complete the time on the depos, if we
need to. Obviously, we need to confer with other
counsel who are coming in. I understand that that's
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separate.

THE COURT: I'm allowing -- and then, again, right now before the Court, you don't have a request to increase the time on the one gentleman or person that's already been deposed for almost five hours. My guess is you're going to need more than that.

So maybe if I'm just telling you that I'm going to allow more, I'm going to allow the depositions. Obviously, you're not going to rehash -- and I know you're not going to do that -- rehash what's already been -- you know, no second shot. This is going to be your depositions for good. I think it's a smart idea to get together with both plaintiffs' counsel and then the defense and say, "What's going to be a good time?" so that we know we've got -- it sounds like there's a lot of discovery disputes out there.

MR. CRAWFORD: Yes.

THE COURT: You know, don't go in and take the deposition, and then two months later come and say, "Well, we finally get a motion to compel on one, and now we want to depose them on this" because you've already shot out the cannon and deposed them.

MR. PRICHARD: And that's -- and that's what is going to happen. So I'm trying to understand, Your Honor, are you suggesting that we wait until these

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other parties are joined in their case and have a
 1
 2
    discussion about that for one more time only? Because
    what we're talking about is giving them another bite,
 3
    this group a bite. And then if there are others, I
 4
    mean, we could be doing this over and over and over
 5
 6
    again.
 7
                  MR. CRAWFORD: But that's --
 8
                  MR. PRICHARD: So we need some case
 9
    management assistance here.
10
                   THE COURT: Except that all the cases are
11
    not in the same management system.
12
                  MR. PRICHARD: They're not.
                   THE COURT: And they may not want to.
13
14
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Judge, my understanding is
    you're allowing for the depositions, but you need us to
15
    be considerate of time issues and the fact that other
16
17
    plaintiffs are involved. So we anticipate on going to
    the other plaintiffs trying to coordinate that,
18
19
    obviously trying to work out any discovery issues we
20
    have before we set this -- these depos and move forward.
21
                   THE COURT: And then come back to the
    Court for more guidance, I guess.
22
23
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Okay.
                  MR. PRICHARD: I'm still not quite sure I
24
25
    understand.
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1
                   THE COURT: Well, my problem, though, I
 2
    understand where you're going, and I think -- I think we
    think alike. There should be a lot of case management.
 3
    The problem is that's not within my realm right now.
 4
 5
                  MR. PRICHARD: Right now it's not.
                                                       Ι
 6
    agree.
                   THE COURT: Unless y'all make some kind of
 7
 8
    motion and go to, I guess, monitoring and say, "How are
 9
    we going to handle this, you know"?
10
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Yeah. I think my overly
11
    concern is the expert designation is mid April.
12
                   THE COURT: Well, see, and that's a
13
    concern -- that's a concern of mine also.
14
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Yeah.
                   THE COURT: I mean, if y'all push them and
15
16
    say, "No. Your drop-dead deadline is whatever.
                                                      It is
    April 15th," then I'm going to say, "Take your
17
    deposition the first week of April then."
18
19
                  MS. MILITELLO: Your Honor, they are the
20
    ones who put together those dates. You know, as
21
    everybody knows, that is a very tight deadline. The
22
    Court recognized it. But I don't think they can say,
23
    "We want this tight deadline, and, therefore, we get to
    keep taking depositions and exceed the six hours that
24
25
    the -- that the rules allow."
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1
                  There was nothing in the previous order
 2
    that said --
                   THE COURT: And like I said, if there's
 3
    not a motion --
 4
 5
                  MS. MILITELLO: -- that said, "You're
 6
    going to get to take this, and then get to take another
 7
    six-hour deposition."
                   THE COURT: That's why I'm bringing it up
 8
 9
    now because I don't want them going and saying, "Okay.
10
    Now we took up the last of the hour and ten minutes
    that's left, and now we need more time."
11
12
                  It's something you need to address the
13
    issue first before you go in there and take the
    deposition.
14
15
                  MR. PRICHARD: Sure.
                   THE COURT: Don't go in there and take a
16
    deposition for an hour, and say, "Oh, now we need more
17
    time. We need to come back to the Court," any court.
18
19
                  MR. CRAWFORD: I understand. You're
20
    allowing the depositions, but you need us to be very,
21
    very deliberate and considerate of time.
22
                   THE COURT: Talk to them about how much
23
    time you really need. Talk about timing because of
    discovery. Talk to them about the experts' depositions.
24
25
    Talk about the trial date.
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1
                   I mean, in reality, I understand you want
 2
    to shoot out and let's get to trial in October. But, I
    mean, just hearing it first off, and this is the first
 3
    I've heard of this case, like I said early on, October
 4
 5
    seems awful wishful, guys.
                   MR. PRICHARD: We couldn't agree more.
 6
 7
                   THE COURT: I mean, I know y'all want to
 8
    get to trial, but, you know, you're sort of binding
 9
    yourselves and binding the other side, so --
10
                   MR. CRAWFORD: We'll work logistically on
11
    how this is going to work out.
12
                   THE COURT: So that's where I'm going.
13
    Talk about it. When we come back, we can talk about the
14
    depositions.
15
                  When is your -- when is your expert
    deadline?
16
17
                   MR. CRAWFORD: I believe April 15th.
18
                   THE COURT: See, I mean --
19
                   MR. CRAWFORD:
                                  I know.
20
                   MR. PRICHARD: That's the whole issue.
21
    mean, can we come back on the 12th and see where we are
22
    about case management and how much time they think they
23
    have? You're not suggesting that we have to present
24
    these two gentlemen again between now and the 12th, are
25
    you?
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THE COURT: Well, here is my problem.
 1
 2
    necessarily except they've got an expert's deadline on
    the 15th. So right now, my only option is, well, I'm
 3
 4
    going to allow it. So, yeah, go take it next week or in
    two weeks. I don't think that makes sense. I don't
 5
 6
    think that sounds efficient. I don't think that's
 7
    smart. By the same token, you're trial lawyers, you
 8
    know. You guys got to do what you've got to do.
 9
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Okay.
                   THE COURT: So why don't y'all talk about
10
11
    it.
                  MR. CRAWFORD: We'll talk about it, Your
12
13
    Honor.
14
                   THE COURT: And let me know.
                  MR. PRICHARD: If they decide to go
15
16
    forward between now and the 12th, with all due respect,
17
    shouldn't they be limited to a total of six hours?
                   THE COURT: There's no motion that says
18
19
    otherwise.
20
                  MR. PRICHARD: Thank you. Okay.
21
                   THE COURT: Right now, guys, you don't
    have a motion that says, "We want more time."
22
23
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Your Honor, I understand.
                   THE COURT: Because you've got to sort of
24
    put it together and say, "Really, how much more time do
25
```

```
we need? Three hours? Two hours? Six hours?"
 1
 2
                  MR. CRAWFORD: We may not even need it. I
 3
    don't know.
 4
                   THE COURT: You may not need more than an
 5
    hour.
 6
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Or we may. So we'll have
 7
    to talk about that, and then --
 8
                  MR. DEMERATH: The one thing that comes to
 9
    mind too -- we've got a layer into this -- that we had a
10
    series of written discovery. The written discovery was
11
    very narrow previously, and we sent new written
12
    discovery, and that was produced, but we didn't get a
13
    single page of documents.
14
                   THE COURT: And that's what I'm saying,
15
    gentlemen, is --
16
                  MR. DEMERATH: Yeah.
17
                   THE COURT: -- there's going to be motions
18
    to compel.
                  And normally, especially if you're
19
20
    preparing for trial, you want to get all of those
    motions to compel addressed and ordered by a Court and
21
22
    see what they have to produce before you have to take
23
    these very expensive and important depositions. You
    need to have all of your ammunition -- all your --
24
25
    everything ready to go, you know, at that time.
```

```
1
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Okay.
 2
                   THE COURT: So let's go off the record
 3
    because now we're just talking amongst you trial
 4
    lawyers, you know.
                   (Discussion off the record.)
 5
 6
                   THE COURT: Back on the record.
 7
    ruling of the Court: The two depositions or
 8
    re-depositions to be allowed, not to be taken before
    April 12th. Plaintiffs' deadlines for designation of
 9
10
    expert to be extended. The parties to work on dates.
11
    And then the case is reset to 4/12/19 at 1:30 here in
    this court to address confidentiality documents.
12
13
                  MR. DEMERATH: Under the applicable
    standard of Texas law?
14
                   THE COURT: Of course. Do you want to go
15
16
    under like some other law? California?
17
                  MR. PRICHARD: You know, the United
18
    Nations.
19
                  MR. DEMERATH: No. no. But there's many
20
    different standards we could work on. It could be a
    couple of different things.
21
22
                   THE COURT: Yeah.
23
                  MR. DEMERATH: So that's very important to
24
    have the rules set.
25
                   THE COURT: In accordance to Texas law.
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1
                  MR. DEMERATH: Okay.
 2
                  MR. PRICHARD: But back on the
    depositions, Your Honor, you said that they could be
 3
    taken, but not -- but it would be after 4/12. But under
 4
 5
    the current time frames, absent a motion to extend the
 6
    deadlines --
                   THE COURT: They'll have to --
 7
 8
                  MR. PRICHARD: -- of the time.
 9
                   THE COURT: Obviously if they want to
10
    extend the time, y'all will need to file a motion.
                  MR. CRAWFORD: We'll need to file a
11
12
    motion, Your Honor.
                   THE COURT: You know, and then I think you
13
14
    just need to figure out how much time you think you will
15
           And who knows? They might agree, you know.
16
    sounds like y'all are trying to work together.
17
                  All right. Anything further for today?
18
                  MR. CRAWFORD: Nothing, Your Honor.
19
                   THE COURT: I think I'll go ahead and keep
20
    vour binders because it looks like we'll need to be
    addressing the confidentiality agreement and whatnot in
21
22
    a few weeks, all right?
23
                  Thank y'all.
24
                  MR. PRICHARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
                   THE COURT: Y'all have a good weekend.
```

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MR. CRAWFORD: Thank you, Your Honor.
 1
 2
                   MR. PRICHARD: Have a good vacation.
 3
                   THE COURT: Oh, I will.
                   (10:17 a.m. Court was adjourned.)
 4
 5
                     *_*_*_*_*_*_*_*_*_*_*
 6
                       (END OF PROCEEDINGS)
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1
    THE STATE OF TEXAS )
 2
    COUNTY OF BEXAR
 3
                   I, MARY ORALIA BERRY, Official Court
    Reporter in and for the 131st District Court of Bexar
 4
    County, State of Texas, do hereby certify that the above
 5
 6
    and foregoing contains a true and correct transcription
 7
    of all portions of evidence and other proceedings
    requested in writing by counsel for the parties to be
 8
    included in this volume of the Reporter's Record, in the
 9
    above-styled and numbered cause, all of which occurred
10
    in open court or in chambers and were reported by me.
11
                   I further certify that this Reporter's
12
    Record of the proceedings truly and correctly reflects
13
    the exhibits, if any, offered and/or admitted by the
14
15
    respective parties.
                   I further certify that the total expedited
16
    original costs for preparation of this Reporter's Record
17
    is $612.00 and was paid by Mr. David M. Prichard.
18
                   WITNESS MY OFFICIAL HAND this the 12th day
19
    of March, 2019.
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21
                   <u>/s/ Mary Oralia Berry</u>
                   Mary Oralia Berry, Texas CSR #2963
Expiration Date: 12/31/19
22
                   Official Court Reporter-Bexar County, TX
23
                   100 Dolorosa
                   131st District Court, Room 2.17
24
                   Bexar County Courthouse
                   San Antonio, Texas 78205
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                   Phone:
                            (210)335-2289
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